

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

In accordance with ISO 11014: 2009 for Transport purpose

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### Section 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

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#### Product identifier

**Product name** Seat-belt pretensioner  
**SDS Number** PT-007-001

#### Manufacture/supplier

**Manufacture/supplier** WUXI RISHO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.  
**Department in Charge** Safety Engineering Division  
**Address** 38 CHANGJIANG ROAD WUXI,JIANGSU ,P.R.CHINA

**Telephone number** 86-(0)510-85211511

**Fax number**

**e-mail address**

**Emergency telephone number** 86-(0)510-81815132

#### Recommended use and restriction on use

Seat-belt pretensioner

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### Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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#### Important hazards

#### GHS classification

##### Physical Hazards

Explosive Division 1.4S

##### Health Hazards

Acute toxicity (oral): Category 4  
Eye damage/irritation: Category 1  
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2  
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Category 1 (central nervous system, blood system)  
Category 2 (respiratory)  
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation, narcotic effects)  
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 2 (blood system, kidney, respiratory, cardiovascular)

##### Environmental Hazards

Ecotoxicity (acute) Category 1  
Ecotoxicity (chronic) Category 1

**Label Elements**

**Pictogram**

**None**

**Signal word**

**Danger**

**Hazard Statements**

Fire or projection hazard  
Harmful if swallowed  
Causes serious eye damage  
May cause respiratory irritation  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child  
Causes damage to central nervous system, blood system  
May cause damage to respiratory  
May cause damage to blood system, kidney, respiratory, cardiovascular through prolonged or repeated exposure  
Very toxic to aquatic life  
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Precautionary Statements**

[Prevention]

Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.  
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction.  
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Avoid release to the environment.  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

[Emergency response]

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.  
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
Rinse mouth.  
In case of fire: Evacuate area.  
Explosion risk in case of fire.  
DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.  
Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.  
Collect spillage.

[Storage]	Store in accordance with applicable local, regional and international regulations and standards. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
[Disposal]	Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with related laws and local/ regional regulations.

### Hazard(s) identification

Gas generator may be deployed by flame, high temperature, impact and static electricity, etc. and generates high temperature gases at deployment.

There is no possibility of entering internal chemicals to the human body from sealed gas generator. Internal chemicals might be taken through eyes, nose and mouth when gas generator is damaged before deployment.

There are possibilities of burns by deployment and laceration by scattered fragment of gas generator. There is no possibility of entering internal chemicals to the human body from sealed gas generator. See the following hazard statement and hazard statement of each component in section 11 when gas generator is damaged before deployment.

### Important symptoms and an outline of an anticipated emergency

- Harmful if swallowed
- Causes serious eye damage
- May cause respiratory irritation
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- Causes damage to central nervous system, blood system
- May cause damage to respiratory
- May cause damage to blood system, kidney, respiratory, cardiovascular through prolonged or repeated exposure

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## Section 3: COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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### Substance/Mixture

Mixture

### Compositions

#### 1. Squib Charge (Ignition Charge) (Total weight 21 mg or less)

Chemical name/ Generic name	CAS number	Concentration (wt %)
Zirconium	7440-67-7	1.5 or less
Basic Copper (II) Nitrate	12158-75-7	
Potassium Perchlorate	7778-74-7	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	

#### 2. Secondary Charge (Total weight 85 mg or less)

##### Type 1

Chemical name/ Generic name	CAS number	Concentration (wt %)
Potassium Perchlorate	7778-74-7	6.0 or less
Sodium Picramate	831-52-7	
Antimony Trisulfide	1345-04-6	

### Type 2

Chemical name/ Generic name	CAS number	Concentration (wt %)
Titanium Hydride	7704-98-5	6.0 or less
Potassium Perchlorate	7778-74-7	

Either Type 1 or Type 2 is used as Secondary charge

### 3. Gas Generant (Smokeless Powder) (Total weight 1,300 mg or less)

#### Type 1

Chemical name/ Generic name	CAS number	Concentration (wt %)
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	92.5 or less
Diphenylamine	122-39-4	
Potassium Sulfate	7778-80-5	

#### Type 2

Chemical name/ Generic name	CAS number	Concentration (wt %)
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	92.5 or less
Diphenylamine	122-39-4	
Potassium Sulfate	7778-80-5	
Methyl Diphenylurea	13114-72-2	

Either Type 1 or Type 2 is used as Gas Generant

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## Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

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### First aid procedures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove to fresh air and see a medical doctor. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash with soap and water. Contact a medical doctor.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Flush immediately with running water for at least 15 minutes. And see a medical doctor.
<b>Ingestion</b>	After lots of water or saline solution is swallowed, try to get the person to vomit. And see a medical doctor immediately.

### Anticipated acute effects, anticipated delayed effects and most important symptoms/effects

Bring about the possibility of irritation to respiratory.  
Possibility of angiopathy.  
Possibility of serious damage of eyes (Diphenylamine)

### Protection of first-aiders

Wear appropriate eyes and skin protective equipment.

### Note to an attending physician

No information

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## Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water or other normal extinguish materials

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Not known

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In the event of fire, evacuate the area immediately and stay behind shield.

Gases with stimulation, toxicity or corrosion might be emitted.

It is effective of using large amount of water in order to extinguish a fire.

However, keep clear the area in case of accidental explosion.

Therefore, facility with automatic water sprinkler is recommended.

### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear full protective equipment.

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## Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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### Personal precautions

Wear appropriate protective equipment on work in order to prevent dust from clinging to skin or eyes.

Work from windward area and evacuate people from leeward.

Worker should wear appropriate protective equipment, and avoid contact to eyes and skin, and inhalation of dust. (Antidust mask approved by NIOSH/MSHA, goggle, heat resistance protective clothing which does not expose skin, impermeable gloves)

### Environmental precautions

Prevent the leakage to drain, soil, water sources. If the preparation releases into water sources, inform competent organs.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect into conductive container as much as possible and dispose based on Law.

### Secondary disaster prevention measures

No information

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## Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

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### Handling

Technical measures

All propellant in gas generator cannot be taken out from sealed aluminum container. \*Sealed gas generator will not ignite unless it is heated more than 170°C or set to pass an electric current. However, it might activate untimely with static electricity, radio wave or drop impact. And if retainer w/o shunt bar is used, possibility to happen unexpected deployment increases.

Precautions such as local/total ventilation

Toxic gases are produced on activation, therefore, ventilate well when the product is actuated.

Precautions for safe handling	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Prevention of contact	Avoid flame, high temperature, impact and static electricity.

### Storage

Technical measures	No information
Incompatible materials and mixtures	Strong acid and strong bases which decompose aluminum container.
Conditions for safe storage	Avoid direct sun and store at room temperature.
Packing material	Use designated container.

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## Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

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### Permissible concentration

#### Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH TLV-TWA (2016)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Zirconium and compounds, as Zr) 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Aluminum (metal) and insoluble compound) (Respirable fraction) 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Diphenylamine)
ACGIH TLV-STEL (2016)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Zirconium and compounds, as Zr)

### Engineering controls

No information

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	Wear mask.
Hand protection	Wear protective glove.
Eye protection	Wear safety glasses or goggles.
Skin and body protection	Wear antistatic clothes and conductive shoes.

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## Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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Appearance	Form: Specific sealed unit ( φ 17mm×L35mm)
(physical state, form and colour)	Colour: Silver
Odour	No odour at normal conditions
Odour threshold	Not classified
pH	Not classified
Melting point/ freezing point	Not classified
Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range	Not classified
Flashpoint	Not classified
Evaporation rate	Not classified
Flammability	Not classified
Upper/lower explosive limits	Not classified
Vapour pressure	Not classified
Vapour density	Not classified
Specific gravity	Not classified

Solubility	The solubility in water of the chemical materials inside the Sealed unit is as follows: (a) Ignition charge Insoluble (b) Secondary charge Soluble (c) Smokeless powder Insoluble
<i>n</i> -octanol/water partition coefficient	Not classified
Auto-ignition temperature	200°C (DSC), 170°C (Krupp method)
Decomposition temperature	No information
Viscosity	Not classified
Other information	No information

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## Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Chemical stability	Sealed gas generator is stable under normal storage and handling condition.
Hazardous reactions	No hazardous reaction expected under normal handling.
Conditions to avoid	Flame, high temperature, friction, impact and static electricity
Incompatible materials	Avoid strong acid and strong bases which decompose aluminum container.
Hazardous decomposition products	Gases and residue are produced on activation of gas generator.

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## Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### Toxicological information for product

No information

### Toxicological information for ingredients

#### Zirconium

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This substance has been reported that there is respiratory tract irritation.

#### Potassium Perchlorate

Skin irritation/corrosion: Skin is stimulated as affect of the humans.

Eye damage/irritation: Eye is stimulated as (serious) affect of the humans.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Airway is stimulated as effect on the humans, it was judged that it has respiratory irritant.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Report of effect of long-term or repeated exposure, blood may be affected and methemoglobin may be generated.

#### Aluminum

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): In humans, inhalation of this material (dust), may cause lung disorders such as pneumoconiosis (aluminum lung disease).

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): For humans, 1,142 people workers of aluminum and aluminum compound manufacturing in epidemiological studies (1975- 1981), at the exposure to high concentrations of

dust (> 100 mg / m<sup>3</sup>- year as total dust) pulmonary function influence was seen, and small irregular nodules in the lower part of the lung have been reported in 7-8% by chest X-ray inspection.

#### Sodium Picramate

Acute toxicity (oral): Mouse LD<sub>50</sub> = 378mg/kg

#### Antimony Trisulfide

Acute toxicity (oral): Rat LD<sub>50</sub> > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (dermal): Rat LD<sub>50</sub> > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust/mist): Rat LC<sub>50</sub> > 5 mg/L/4h

Eye damage/irritation: Report on results that slight corneal opacity was observed and was completely reversible within day 14 in a rabbit test following application of 100 mg (OECD TG405).

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Rats exposed to 3.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> by inhalation for six weeks developed electrocardiographic changes, notably with flattened T-waves. At autopsy, the heart was found to be dilated, with signs of degenerative changes. Focal haemorrhage and congestion in the lungs were considered to be secondary to heart failure. A second report indicates that there had been six deaths suspected due to cardiac disorder in a group of 125 workers exposed for 8 months to 2 years, but there had been no cardiac death or unusual increase in incidence of cardiovascular diseases after use of antimony trisulfide was discontinued.

#### Nitrocellulose

Acute toxicity (oral): Rat LD<sub>50</sub> > 5,000 mg/kg

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Ingestion poisoning with the substance is similar to ethanol overdose except for a more rapid onset and a shorter duration of symptoms. Inhalation of the substance may result in dizziness, giddiness, euphoria, and CNS depression. In addition, labored breathing and unconsciousness may occur.

#### Diphenylamine

Acute toxicity (oral): Rat LD<sub>50</sub> = 2,960 mg/kg, 2,480 mg/kg, 3,000 mg/kg, 2,700 mg/kg, 3,200 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (dermal): Rabbitt LD<sub>50</sub> > 2,000 mg/kg

Eye damage/irritation: Report on rabbit eye irritation tests: "corrosive"

Reproductive toxicity: Report on the evidence of adverse effects on reproduction at dosing levels toxic to parental animals or in the absence of data on parental toxicity.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): In humans, respiratory tract irritation. In addition, report of the methemoglobinemia or impact on the urinary.

Specific target organ toxicity: As poisoning symptoms caused by occupational exposure to

(repeated exposure):

this substance in humans, bladder irritation symptoms, tachycardia, hypertension, eczema are reported.

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## Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### Ecological information for product

Ecotoxicity	No information
Persistence and degradability	No information
Bioaccumulative potential	No information
Mobility in soil	No information
Hazardous to the ozone layer	Not applicable

### Ecological information for ingredients

#### Potassium Perchlorate

Ecotoxicity (acute)	Algae ( <i>Dunaliella</i> ) 72 h EC <sub>50</sub> = 11,000 µg/L
Ecotoxicity (chronic)	No information
Persistence and degradability	No information
Bioaccumulative potential	No information
Mobility in soil	No information
Hazardous to the ozone layer	Not applicable

#### Nitrocellulose

Ecotoxicity (acute)	Algae ( <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> ) 96h EC <sub>50</sub> = 579,000 µg/L
Ecotoxicity (chronic)	No information
Persistence and degradability	No information
Bioaccumulative potential	No information
Mobility in soil	No information
Hazardous to the ozone layer	Not applicable

#### Diphenylamine

Ecotoxicity (acute)	Crustaceans ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ) 48h EC <sub>50</sub> = 0.31 mg/L
Ecotoxicity (chronic)	Algae ( <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> ) 72h NOEC = 0.0273 mg/L
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability by BOD = 0%
Bioaccumulative potential	No information
Mobility in soil	No information
Hazardous to the ozone layer	Not applicable

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## Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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### Remaining product

Should be disposed in accordance with regulations of each country.

Should not be thrown to river, or ocean dumping.  
Should not mix with other garbage or industrial discharge.

### **Contaminated containers and packaging**

Should be disposed in accordance with regulations of each country.

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## **Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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### **International regulation**

UN number	3268
UN proper shipping name	SAFETY DEVICES, electrically initiated
Transport hazard class(es)	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	-
Marine pollutant	Not applicable
IBC Code	Not applicable

When transporting, confirm no damage to containers. Avoid handling violently or leaking wet. Load to prevent fall or falling down containers and take preventive measures of collapse.

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## **Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

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No information

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## **Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

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### **Reference**

Information of TOKAI RIKA CO., LTD.  
NITE GHS classification (2016)  
ACGIH, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (2016) TLVs and BEIs.

### **[Disclaimer]**

This SDS has been prepared on the basis of laws, regulations and information available at this time. It is user's responsibility to modify or update any contents in this SDS regarding information on hazardous properties and/or instruction for safe handling of the product when they become available. Precautionary measures in this SDS are only applicable for normal handling conditions and it is necessary to take appropriate additional measures to ensure safe handling which depend on your specific use conditions or situations.