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SAFETY DATA SHEET

In accordance with ISO 11014: 2009 for Transport purpose

Section 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product name Seat-belt pretensioner

SDS Number PT-005-002

Manufacture/supplier

Manufacture/supplierTHAI SEAT BELT CO., LTD.Department in ChargeQuality Control Section

Address 700/56 Moo 6, T. Nongmaidaeng, A. Muang, Chonburi

20000, THAILAND

Telephone number (038)214705 **Fax number** (038)214707

e-mail address

Emergency telephone number (038)214705

Recommended use and restriction on use

Seat-belt pretensioner

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Important hazards
GHS classification
Physical Hazards

Explosive Division 1.4S

Health Hazards

Acute toxicity (oral):

Eye damage/irritation:

Carcinogenicity:

Category 1

Category 1

Reproductive toxicity:

Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity Category 1 (central nervous system, blood system)

(single exposure): Category 2 (respiratory, kidney)

Specific target organ toxicity Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation, narcotic effects)

(single exposure):

Specific target organ toxicity Category 2 (central nervous system, blood system, kidney,

(repeated exposure): respiratory, cardiovascular)

Environmental Hazards

Ecotoxicity (acute) Category 1
Ecotoxicity (chronic) Category 1

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Label Elements Pictogram

Hazard Statements

None

Signal word

DangerFire or projection hazard

Harmful if swallowed

Causes serious eye damage

May cause respiratory irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause cancer

May damage fertility or the unborn child

Causes damage to central nervous system, blood system

May cause damage to respiratory, kidney

May cause damage to central nervous system, blood system, kidney, respiratory, cardiovascular through prolonged or repeated exposure

Very toxic to aquatic life

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

[Prevention]

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

[Emergency response]

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Rinse mouth.

In case of fire: Evacuate area. Explosion risk in case of fire.

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DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Collect spillage.

[Storage] Store in accordance with applicable local, regional and

international regulations and standards.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

[Disposal] Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with related laws

and local/regional regulations.

Other hazards

Explosive: Electrically and flame sensitive article. Sensitive, including but not limited to AC, DC and ESD. Upon ignition the articles emit a sharp crack and release high temperature gasses.

Health: The article is sealed and the inside ingredient is not exposed to outside but in case of the broken container there is possibility that the ingredient is contacted to the eyes, nose and mouth.

Environmental: The article is sealed and in this case this is harmless to the environment with correct handling.

Important symptoms and an outline of an anticipated emergency

Harmful if swallowed

Causes serious eye damage

May cause respiratory irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause cancer

May damage fertility or the unborn child

Causes damage to central nervous system, blood system

May cause damage to respiratory, kidney

May cause damage to central nervous system, blood system, kidney, respiratory, cardiovascular through prolonged or repeated exposure

Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Mixture

Mixture

Compositions

1. Gas Generant of Smokeless Powder (Total weight up to 1,300 mg)

Chemical name/ Generic name	CAS number	Concentration (wt %)
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	
Diphenylamine	122-39-4	92.0 or less
Potassium Sulfate	7778-80-5	92.0 or less
Akardite II	13114-72-2	

2. Initiator primary charge (Total weight up to 25 mg)

Chemical name/ Generic name	CAS number	Concentration (wt %)
Basic Copper (II) Nitrate	12158-75-7	
Lead Styphnate	15245-44-0	1.8 or less
Potassium Perchlorate	7778-74-7	

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Zirconium	7440-67-7	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	

3. Initiator secondary charge (Total weight up to 88 mg)

Chemical name/ Generic name	CAS number	Concentration (wt %)
Potassium Perchlorate	7778-74-7	
Sodium Picramate	831-52-7	6.2 or less
Antimony Trisulfide	1345-04-6	0.2 01 1688
Titanium Hydride	7704-98-5	

Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Firet	hie	procedures
THSU	aiu	Diocedules

IF INHALED Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor/physician.

Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed.

IF ON SKIN Rinse with plenty of water and soap.

Call a doctor/physician.

IF IN EYES Immediately rinse cautiously with water for 15 - 20 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Call a doctor/physician.

IF SWALLOWED After lots of water or saline solution is swallowed, try to get

the person to vomit.

And see a medical doctor immediately.

Anticipated acute effects, anticipated delayed effects and most important symptoms/effects

Inhalation of combustion products could irritate respiratory system or aggravate existing respiratory condition. Contact of skin or eyes may cause irritation. Overexposure to lead may lead to adverse effects on blood-forming, urinary, nervous, and reproductive systems and embryo toxic effects. Symptoms may include sleeplessness, appetite loss, anemia, and fatigue.

Protection of first-aiders

Wear appropriate eyes and skin protective equipment.

Note to an attending physician

No information

Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

They may be activated by fire in surrounding packaging or combustibles. Utilize media appropriate for surrounding fire conditions if safe.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Pyrotechnic devices are not extinguishable.

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Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In the event of fire, evacuate the area immediately and stay behind shield.

Initiation of unit may result in some fragmentation as well as release of smoke fumes, and gases considered toxic and irritating.

It is effective of using large amount of water in order to extinguish a fire.

However, keep clear the area in case of accidental explosion.

Therefore, facility with automatic water sprinkler is recommended.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear full protective equipment.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Wear appropriate protective equipment on work in order to prevent dust from clinging to skin or eyes. Work from windward area and evacuate people from leeward.

Worker should wear appropriate protective equipment, and avoid contact to eyes and skin, and inhalation of dust. (Antidust mask approved by NIOSH/MSHA, goggle, heat resistance protective clothing which does not expose skin, impermeable gloves.)

If unit becomes damaged so as to expose sealed material, consult with KSM Engineers for guidance.

Environmental precautions

Prevent the leakage to drain, soil, water sources. If the preparation releases into water sources, inform competent organs.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect into conductive container as much as possible and dispose based on Law.

Secondary disaster prevention measures

No information

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures

All propellant in gas generator cannot be taken out from sealed aluminum container. Sealed gas generator will not ignite unless it is heated more than 150°C or set to pass an electric current. However, it might activate untimely with static electricity, radio wave or drop impact. And if retainer w/o shunt bar is used, possibility to happen unexpected deployment increases.

Authorize handling only by trained, qualified personnel. Handle.

Keep unit shunted until connection to circuitry. Never attempt to disassemble, machine or otherwise modify units or physical

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injury hazard may result.

Precautions such as local/total Toxic gases are produced on activation, therefore, ventilate

ventilation well when the product is actuated.

Precautions for safe handling Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Prevention of contact Avoid flame, high temperature, impact and static electricity.

Storage

Technical measures No information

Incompatible materials and mixtures Strong acid and strong bases which decompose aluminum

container.

Conditions for safe storage Avoid direct sun and store at room temperature.

Packing material Use designated container.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Permissible concentration

Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH TLV-TWA (2016) 10 mg/m³ (Diphenylamine)

0.05mg/m³ (Lead and inorganic compounds, as Pb)

5 mg/m³ (Zirconium and compounds, as Zr)

1 mg/m³ (Alminum (metal) and insoluble compound)

(Respirable fraction)

0.5 mg/m³ (Antimony and compounds as Sb)

ACGIH TLV-STEL (2016) 10 mg/m³ (Zirconium and compounds, as Zr)

Engineering controls

Test fire units only in a shielded location isolated from personnel and vented to outside work area.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection Wear organic vapor, acid gas cartridge respirator with HEPA

dust filters. In emergency fire situations or when combustion

products from large numbers of units are involved self-contained breathing air and full face protection is

recommended.

Hand protection Wear protective glove.

Eye protection Wear safety glasses or goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear antistatic clothes and conductive shoes.

Flame retardant, cotton clothing; conductive footwear or other personnel grounding recommended, where appropriate and feasible, when handling exposed units. Operational shielding and hearing protection recommended for testing as needed.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Form: Solid including cylinder portion

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(physical state, form and colour)

Odour

Colour: Silver colour of the body

No odour at normal conditions

Odour threshold Not applicable pH Not applicable Melting point/ freezing point Not applicable Boiling point, initial boiling point and Not applicable

boiling range

Flashpoint Not applicable
Evaporation rate Not applicable
Flammability Not applicable
Upper/lower explosive limits Not applicable
Vapour pressure Not applicable
Vapour density Not applicable
Specific gravity Not applicable

Solubility The solubility in water of the chemical materials inside the

Not applicable

Sealed unit is as follows:

(a) Ignition charge Insoluble(b) Secondary charge Soluble(c) Smokeless powder Insoluble

n-octanol/water partition coefficient

Auto-ignition temperature 200°C (DSC), 170°C (Krupp method)

Decomposition temperature No information
Viscosity Not applicable
Other information No information

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability Sealed gas generator is stable under normal storage and

handling condition.

Hazardous reactions No hazardous reaction expected under normal handling.

Conditions to avoid Avoid flame, high temperature over 150°C, electrostatic

discharge, impact, friction, electrical current or RF energy.

Incompatible materials Do not store with flammable liquids, strong acids or bases.

Hazardous decomposition products Upon ignition, products of combustion may include the

following gases, fumes or residues in small amounts: Oxides of Carbon, Nitrogen, Zirconium and Potassium, sulfur

dioxide.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information for product

No information

Toxicological information for ingredients

Nitrocellulose

Acute toxicity (oral): Rat $LD_{50} > 5,000 \text{ mg/kg}$

Specific target organ toxicity (single Ingestion poisoning with the substance is similar to ethanol

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exposure): overdose except for a more rapid onset and a shorter duration

of symptoms. Inhalation of the substance may result in dizziness, giddiness, euphoria, and CNS depression. In addition, labored breathing and unconsciousness may occur.

Diphenylamine

Acute toxicity (oral): Rat $LD_{50} = 2,960 \text{ mg/kg}, 2,480 \text{ mg/kg}, 3,000 \text{ mg/kg}, 2,700$

mg/kg, 3,200 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (dermal): Rabbitt $LD_{50} > 2,000 \text{ mg/kg}$

Eye damage/irritation: Report on rabbit eye irritation tests: "corrosive"

Reproductive toxicity: Report on the evidence of adverse effects on reproduction at

dosing levels toxic to parental animals or in the absence of

data on parental toxicity.

Specific target organ toxicity (single

exposure):

Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure):

In humans, respiratory tract irritation. In addition, report of the methemoglobinemia or impact on the urinary.

As poisoning symptoms caused by occupational exposure to

this substance in humans, bladder irritation symptoms,

tachycardia, hypertension, eczema are reported.

Lead Styphnate

Carcinogenicity: Inorganic lead is rated as "Group 1B" by IARC V87 (2006).

Reproductive toxicity: Inorganic lead compounds are associated with reproductive

toxicity in humans.

Specific target organ toxicity (single

exposure):

Inorganic lead compounds adversely affect the central nervous

system, blood, and kidney in humans.

Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure):

Inorganic lead compounds adversely affect the central nervous

system, blood, and kidney.

Potassium Perchlorate

Skin irritation/corrosion: Skin is stimulated as affect of the humans. Eye damage/irritation: Eye is stimulated as affect of the humans.

Specific target organ toxicity (single

exposure):

Airway is stimulated as effect on the humans, it was judged

that it has respiratory irritant.

Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure):

Report of effect of long-term or repeated exposure, blood may

be affected and methemoglobin may be generated.

Zirconium

Specific target organ toxicity (single

exposure):

This substance has been reported that there is respiratory tract

irritation.

Aluminum

Specific target organ toxicity (single

exposure):

In humans, inhalation of this material (dust), may cause lung disorders such as pneumoconiosis (aluminum lung disease).

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Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure):

For humans, 1,142 people workers of aluminum and aluminum compound manufacturing in epidemiological studies (1975-1981), at the exposure to high concentrations of dust (> 100 mg / m³- year as total dust) pulmonary function influence was seen, and small irregular nodules in the lower part of the lung have been reported in 7-8% by chest X-ray inspection.

Sodium Picramate

Acute toxicity (oral): Mouse $LD_{50} = 378 \text{mg/kg}$

Antimony Trisulfide

Acute toxicity (oral): Rat $LD_{50} > 2,000$ mg/kg Acute toxicity (dermal): Rat $LD_{50} > 2,000$ mg/kg Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust/mist): Rat $LC_{50} > 5$ mg/L/4h

Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust/mist):

Eye damage/irritation: Report on results that slight corneal opacity was observed and

was completely reversible within day 14 in a rabbit test

following application of 100 mg (OECD TG405).

Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure):

Rats exposed to 3.1 mg/m3 by inhalation for six weeks developed electrocardiographic changes, notably with flattened T-waves. At autopsy, the heart was found to be dilated, with signs of degenerative changes. Focal haemorrhage and congestion in the lungs were considered to be secondary to heart failure. A second report indicates that there had been six deaths suspected due to cardiac disorder in a group of 125 workers exposed for 8 months to 2 years, but there had been no cardiac death or unusual increase in incidence of cardiovascular diseases after use of antimony trisulfide was discontinued.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological information for product

Ecotoxicity

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil

Hazardous to the ozone layer

No information

No information

No information

No applicable

Ecological information for ingredients

Nitrocellulose

Ecotoxicity (acute) Algae (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*) 96h EC₅₀ = 579,000

μg/L

Ecotoxicity (chronic) No information
Persistence and degradability No information

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Bioaccumulative potential No information
Mobility in soil No information
Hazardous to the ozone layer Not applicable

Diphenylamine

Ecotoxicity (acute) Crustaceans ($Daphnia\ magna$) 48h EC₅₀ = 0.31 mg/L

Ecotoxicity (chronic) Algae (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*) 72h NOEC = 0.0273

mg/L

Persistence and degradability Biodegradability by BOD = 0%

Bioaccumulative potential No information
Mobility in soil No information
Hazardous to the ozone layer Not applicable

Lead Styphnate

Ecotoxicity (acute) Crustaceans ($Daphnia\ magna$) 48h $LC_{50} = 7\ mg/L$

Ecotoxicity (chronic)

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil

Hazardous to the ozone layer

No information

No information

No information

No information

Potassium Perchlorate

Ecotoxicity (acute) Algae (*Dunaliella*) 72 h EC₅₀ = $11,000 \mu g/L$

Ecotoxicity (chronic)

Persistence and degradability

No information

No applicable

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Remaining product

Should be disposed in accordance with regulations of each country.

Should not be thrown to river, or ocean dumping.

Should not mix with other garbage or industrial discharge.

Contaminated containers and packaging

Should be disposed in accordance with regulations of each country.

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Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International regulation

UN number 3268

UN proper shipping name SAFETY DEVICES, electrically initiated

Transport hazard class(es) 9
Subsidiary risk Packing group -

Marine pollutant Not applicable IBC Code Not applicable

When transporting, confirm no damage to containers. Avoid handling violently or leaking wet. Load to prevent fall or falling down containers and take preventive measures of collapse.

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

No information

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Reference

Information of TOKAI RIKA CO., LTD.

NITE GHS classification (2016)

ACGIH, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (2016) TLVs and BEIs.

[Disclaimer]

This SDS has been prepared on the basis of laws, regulations and information available at this time. It is user's responsibility to modify or update any contents in this SDS regarding information on hazardous properties and/or instruction for safe handling of the product when they become available. Precautionary measures in this SDS are only applicable for normal handling conditions and it is necessary to take appropriate additional measures to ensure safe handling which depend on your specific use conditions or situations.